

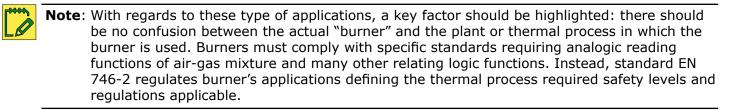
Application Notes

Progressive Code A.N.	Product	Date	
AN_10	MOSAIC	16/02/2016	
Application	Industrial thermal processes		
Description	MOSAIC safety controller can be an ideal solution for safety control of all applications where burners are used or, in general, in industrial thermal processes. Example: ovens, dryers for ceramic or cereals, shrink-sleeve wrappers & spreading lines, etc		

Request

The most common requests for this kind of applications are the following:

- 1. Flame monitoring, according to 13849-1 standard, must reach PL e safety level.
- 2. Gas and burning oil pressure control (PL d).
- 3. Post-purge monitoring of gas presence in pipes (PL d).
- 4. Combustive-air ventilation turn-off control (PL d).



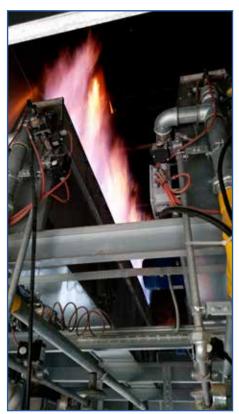
Mosaic safety controller cannot be used to control the actual burner as it requires analogical functions; nevertheless, Mosaic becomes an optimal solution to control the thermal process and plant safety functions as it's able to handle a number of sensors required by the EN 746-2 standard, such as:

- Flame extinction monitoring: flame-presence detector sensors are normally used (often optical, non-safety) instead of the required SIL3-type or 2x SIL2-type flame detectors. More commonly, certified integrated burner monitoring systems (BMS), including flame control, are used. The SIL3-type or the 2x SIL2-type digital signal generated by the BMS can be used as input.
- Gas pressure monitoring: pressure switches (SIL2-type, SIL3 not available).
- Pilot-flame temperature control: temperature detectors (SIL3).
- Gas pipes purging control: gas detector (SIL3 or SIL2).
- Air-vent fans monitoring: flow sensors (SIL2).
- Air/fuel ratio monitoring: pressure switches (SIL2).

Applications

As we can see below, Mosaic functional and safety characteristics allow usage in different industrial thermal processes, such as:

- Ovens
- Cereals vertical drying plants
- Ceramic dryers
- Textile dryers
- Air vein burner
- Shrink-sleeve wrappers (packaging system)





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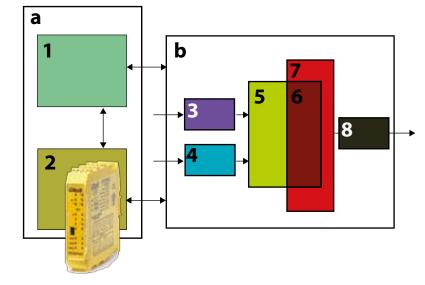
The block diagram shown below indicates the relationships between system's components. The diagram clearly shows where Mosaic safety controller can take action. Based on the input received from sensors and safety systems, Mosaic OSSDs acts on the combustion-gas and combustive-air nozzles, controlling and adjusting the combustion process.

Process control (a)

- 1. Control and instrumentation system / Operator con
 - trol level
 - Process control level
 - Control level (local)Control (non-fail-safe)
 - Tuning and adjustments
 - Monitoring
- 2. Protective systems
 - E-stop
 - Safety interlock
 - Purge and pipe monitoring
 - Tightness control
 - Automatic burner control unit
 - Flue gas venting
 - Air/fuel ratio
 - Flow and pressure detectors
 - High temperature limits

Heated system (b)

- 3. Fuel supply (gas)
- 4. Combustion air supply
- 5. Burner system and ignition device
- 6. Combustion chamber
- 7. Processing chamber
- 8. Flue gas system.



Block diagram showing equipment for industrial thermal process generally consisting of the following components:

- Processing chamber (7)
- Burner (5)
- Protective system (2)
- Control and instrumentation system (1)

Standard

These types of systems are regulated by European Standard **EN 746-2** - "Industrial thermoprocessing equipment safety requirements for combustion and fuel handling systems" May 2010. This Type C standard, as defined by EN ISO 12100-1, is part of the 8 standards forming the EN 746 safety standards "Industrial Thermoprocessing Equipment".

Note: The EN 746-2 assumes that all equipments are not creating any potential explosive atmosphere and are located in a normally ventilated area.

EN 746-2 defines the requirements for the protective-and-safety systems of these devices:

- The protective-and-safety system is a group of devices, control units and safety circuits whose main purpose is the protection of the personnel, the plant and the environment.
 - The protective-and-safety system includes all components required to carry out the safety function:
 - Sensors for monitoring safety-related parameters (e.g. flame temperature, air pressure, etc..);
 - Combustion-gas and combusive-air blocking devices (valves);
 - Combustion-chamber ventilation control and burner protection devices (e.g. temperature level monitoring);
- A protective-and-safety system is typically made up of sensors, control logics, actuator devices and a multi-channel system allowing communication between all elements. The required safety monitoring of the whole system can be performed by Mosaic.

The standard also defines the conditions that the protective-and-safety system should fulfill, indicating 4



possible scenarios as shown in the following table:

Condition	Device	Standard
Hardwired system in which all components comply with the relevant product standards as specified in 5.2 to 5.6	Automatic burner control systems	EN 298
	Valve testing systems	EN 1643
	Pressure sensing devices	EN 1854
the relevant product standards as specified in 5.2 to 5.0	Automatic shut-off valves	EN 161
	Gas/Air ratio controls	EN 12067-2
	Automatic burner control systems	EN 298
	Valve testing systems	EN 1643
	Pressure sensing devices	EN 1854
	Automatic shut-off valves	EN 161
Hardwired system with a combination of:components complying with the relevant product	Gas/Air ratio controls	EN 12067-2
 standards as specified in 5.2 to 5.6 components complying with defined SIL/PL level i accordance respectively with EN 62061 and EN ISO 13849-1 	Guarding functions (e.g. gas pressure, temperature) performed by components for which no relevant product standards are existing shall comply with at least: SIL 2 / PLd	IEC 62061 (SIL)
	Functions which will lead to immediate hazard in case of failure (e.g. flame detector device, ratio monito- ring) performed by components for which no relevant product standards are existing shall comply with at least: SIL 3 / PLe	EN ISO 13849 (PL)
	Automatic burner control systems	EN 298
	Valve testing systems	EN 1543
	Pressure sensing devices	EN 1854
	Automatic shut-off valves	EN 161
	Gas/Air ratio controls	EN 12067-2
 PLC based system with a combination of: components complying with the relevant product standards as specified in 5.2 to 5.6 components complying with defined SIL/PL level in accordance respectively with EN 62061 and EN ISO 13849-1 	Guarding functions (e.g. gas pressure, temperatu- re) performed by components for which no relevant product standards are existing shall comply with at least: SIL 2 / PLd	
	Functions which will lead to immediate hazard in case of failure (e.g. flame detector device, ratio monito- ring) performed by components for which no relevant product standards are existing shall comply with at least: SIL 3 / PLe	IEC 62061 (SIL) EN ISO 13849
	Software for safety functions should be separate from other functions (e.g. control functions) the software for safety functions shall be designed in accordance with the requirements of EN ISO 13849 and EN 62061.	MOSAIC
	A PLC used for safety functions shall comply with EN ISO 13849-1 e EN 62061.	MOZ
PLC based system in which all components comply with defined SIL 3 /PL e and with a defined SIL 3/PL e of hard	In this case EN ISO 13849-1 and EN 62061 shall be applied for the protective system in general	IEC 62061 (SIL)
and software.	MOSALC	EN ISO 13849 (PL)



Execution

Mosaic safety controller can be an optimal solution for the safety system of industrial thermal proceses (see table page 3, where "Mosaic" is indicated).

A typical safety plant for a traditional direct gas flame burner, controlled with one Mosaic master module (M1), includes:

- 2 inputs for gas pressure switches dual-channel redundancy.
- 2 inputs for flame detector sensors normally used optical, non-safety sensor, instead of the required SIL3type or 2x SIL2-type flame detectors.
- 2 input for air flow pressure switches dual-channel redundancy.
- 1 OSSD pair for gas dual-channel safety output to stop fuel supply.
- 1 OSSD pair for comburent (air) supply fans control.

Note: Some plants may opt for different burners mounted in parallel. In this scenario, a main valve for common gas supply is usually in place. Nevertheless, the Mosaic configuration described above is still valid.

In more complex scenarios, or when Mosaic is used also to manage other non-safety functions of the plant, one ore more expansion modules could be required.

The table below indicates some manufacturers of industrial and civil boilers (in brackets the details of the Italian company where the application has been engineered and approved).

Company	Country	City	website
CMI Group	Belgium	Seraing	http://www.cmigroupe.com/en/
CCI Thermal Technologies Inc.	Canada	Orillia	http://www.chromalox.com/
Nanjing Nianda Furnace Science and Technology Co., Ltd	China	Nanjing	http://www.ndly.com.cn
PROTHERM (Gruppo Vailant)	Czech Republic	Praga	http://www.protherm.cz/kontakt/
AB&CO · TT BOILERS	Denmark	Copenaghen	http://ttboilers.com/steam-generator-boiler/
BABCOCK WANSON (Gruppo CNIM)	France	Nérac	www.babcock-wanson.fr
	Germany	Gunzenhausen	http://www.bosch-industrial.com/it/chi-siamo/aziende/ bosch-industriekessel/
Bosch Industriekessel & Bosch KWK Systeme		Gunzenhausen	
		Bischofshofen	
Bosch KWK Systeme		Lollar	http://www.bosch-kwk.de/en/about-us/bosch-kwk-syste- me-contact/
CERTUSS Dampfautomaten GmbH & Co. KG		Krefeld	http://www.certuss.com/
Linn High Therm GmbH		Eschenfelden	http://www.linn.de
Coperion GmbH (Headquarter)		Stuttgart	http://www.coperion.com/en/
Nabertherm GmbH (Headquarters)		Lilienthal	http://www.nabertherm.com/home/index/en
DORST Technologies		Kochel am See	http://www.dorst.de/de/home.html
PROODOS - INDUSTRIAL BOILERS	Greece	Thessaloniki	http://www.proodosboilers.com/index.php?hit=1
Ansaldo caldaie S.p.A. Boilers India Pvt. Ltd (Gruppo SOFINTER Spa)"	India	Chennai	http://www.ansaldoboiler.it/
Hokuriku Techno Co., Ltd	Japan	Imizu City Toyama	http://www.h-techno.com
BABCOCK WANSON (Gruppo CNIM)	Poland	Varsavia	www.babcock-wanson.pl
BABCOCK WANSON (Gruppo CNIM)	Portugal	Lisbona	www.babcock-wanson.pt



Application Notes

Company	Country	City	website
BABCOCK WANSON (Gruppo CNIM)		Erandio	www.babcock-wanson.es
ATTSU	Spain	Celra	http://www.attsu.com/es/
TRADE S.A C (Gruppo BIASI)		Madrid	http://www.tradesa.com/
ETE Europea Térmica Eléctrica, S.L.		Madrid	http://www.ete.es/
PIROBLOC S.A		Barcelona	http://www.pirobloc.com/
Industrial Furnaces Insertec, S.L.U.		Vizcaya	http://www.insertec.biz/es/
MAC Thermal & Process Industries S.A.		Bilbao	http://www.mac-tpi.com/
SOLO Swiss SA	Switzerland	Porrentruy	www.soloswiss.it/
DemirDöküm (Gruppo Vailant)	Turkey	Bilecik	http://www.demirdokum.com.tr/
BABCOCK WANSON (Gruppo CNIM)	BABCOCK WANSON (Gruppo CNIM)		www.babcock-wanson.co.uk
Byworth Boilers	_υ.κ.	Keighley	http://byworth.co.uk/
ductotherm Group		Droitwich	http://www.inductothermgroup.com
BABCOCK WANSON (Gruppo CNIM)	U.S.A. Missuri	Kansas City	www.babcockwanson-usa.com
Hurst Boiler & Welding Company, Inc.		Coolidge	http://www.hurstboiler.com/
Cleaver-Brooks	U.S.A. Georgia	Thomasville	http://www.cleaverbrooks.com/
Clayton Industries		City of indu- stry	http://www.claytonindustries.com/index.aspx
Elan Technology		Midway	
TECFLAM	Italy	Cavriago (RE)	http://www.tecflam.it/it/homepage.html